

# WILLDAN ENERGY & SUSTAINABILITY SOLUTIONS

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Ray Siada – [rsiada@willdan.com](mailto:rsiada@willdan.com)  
248 613 7660



## WILLDAN KNOWS INDUSTRIAL



Founded in **1964**



Energy and Industrial Experience **25 Years**



More than **150** Industrial projects  
NAESCO Accredited



Saved **1,400** MW and **6,800** GWh

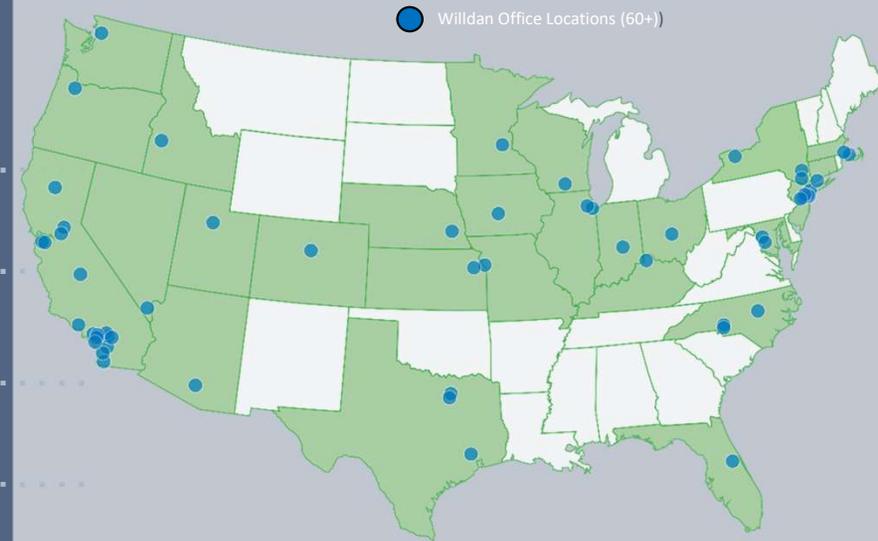


Saved **100M** Therms



**5,400,000** Metric Tons Greenhouse Gas Emissions Avoided

**1,600** Staff in **60** Offices



### Industrial Solutions:

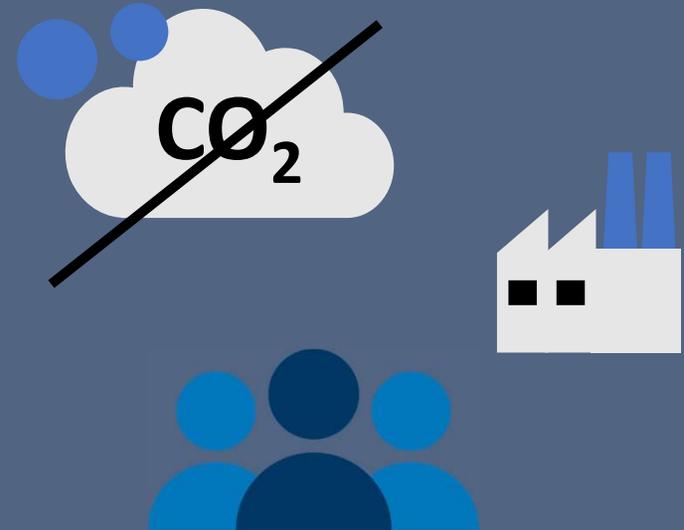
- Cement/Minerals/Aggregates
- Paper
- Aerospace
- Large Pharma
- Printing
- Injection Molding
- Food & Beverage
- Plastics
- Metals/Machining
- Fabrication & Extrusion
- Data Centers
- Distribution Centers
- Refrigerated Warehouses
- Telcom

Takeaway

*We know the industrial sector and we understand industrial processes*

## Legislative & Societal Pressure to Reduce Carbon Footprint

- **ACEEE:**
  - *Industrial sector consumes 32% of U.S. energy*
    - *Accounts for 28% of emissions*
- Energy Efficiency 1<sup>st</sup> step in emission reduction
  - Increases profitability & immediately reduces production cost
- **Promotes:**
  - Societal recognition
  - Brand loyalty
  - Customer & consumer appreciation
  - Supply chain appreciation & adoption
  - Stockholder loyalty



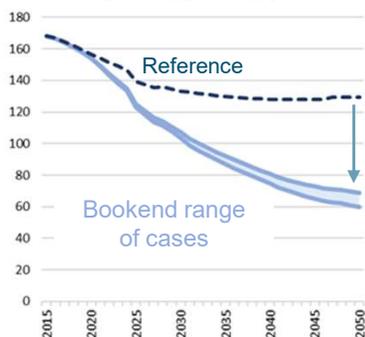


# PATHWAYS Model Leverages the Four “Columns” of Decarbonization



## Energy efficiency & conservation

Primary Energy Efficiency (MMBtu/person-yr)



### Conventional Efficiency:

- Codes and standards
- Switching to efficient devices

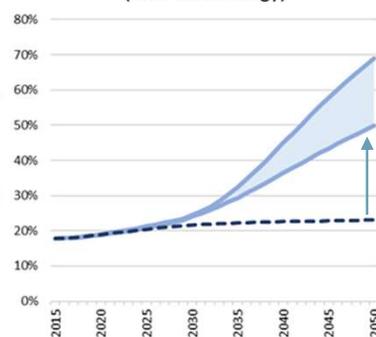
### Conservation:

- Behavioral conservation
- Smart growth



## Electrification

Share of Electricity and Hydrogen (% of Total Energy)



### Buildings:

- Space heating
- Water heating

### Transportation:

- Electric vehicles (BEV and PHEV)
- Public transportation

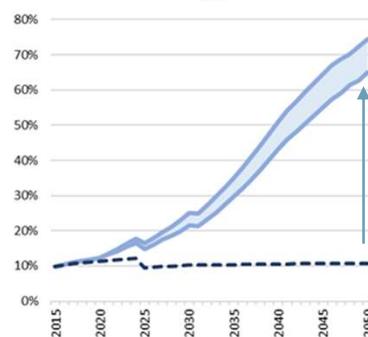
### Industry:

- HVAC and boilers



## Low-Carbon Fuels

Zero Carbon Energy (% of Primary Energy)



### Low-carbon electricity:

- Renewables (solar, wind, hydro)
- Nuclear and CCS
- Grid integration

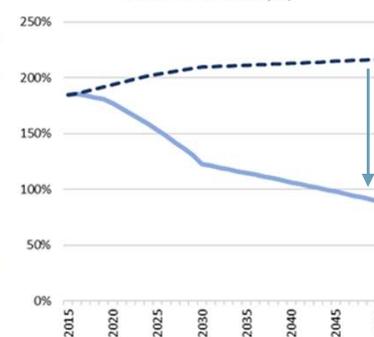
### Low-carbon liquid and gaseous fuels:

- Biofuels
- Synthetic fuels



## Reduce non-combustion emissions

Non-Combustion Emissions Relative to 1990 (%)



### Methane:

- Manure management
- Methane capture at landfills and WWTP

### F-Gases

- Low GWP refrigerants

Source: Mahone et al, (2018) “Deep Decarbonization in a High Renewables Future”, California Energy Commission CEC-500-2018-012

# Inflation Reduction Act (IRA)

**A Focus on Energy Security and  
Climate Change**

Energy Security and Climate Change



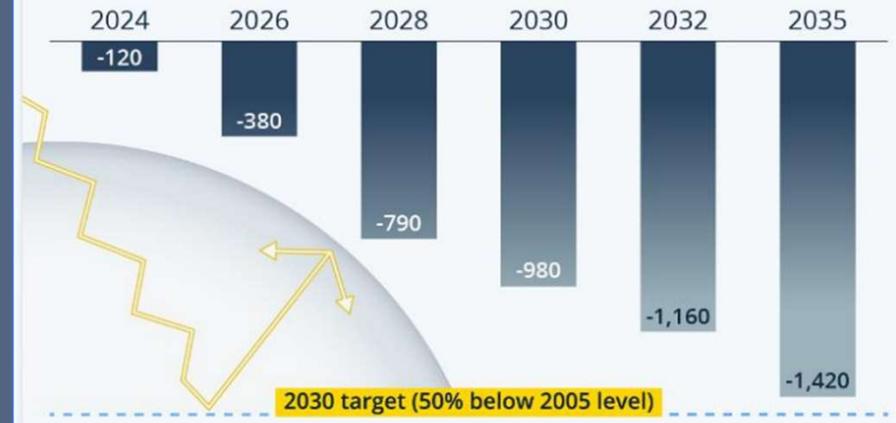
# A Focus on Energy Security and Climate Change

## IRA Investment Goals

- 1 Bring down consumer energy costs**
- 2 Increase American energy security**
- 3 Substantially reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions to approximately 50% compared to 2005-levels by 2030.**

## How the Inflation Reduction Act Will Affect U.S. Emissions

Annual change in net U.S. GHG emissions due to the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 relative to current policy scenario\*



\* Estimates. In million metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub>-equivalent (Mt CO<sub>2</sub>-e).  
Source: Rapid Energy Policy Evaluation and Analysis Toolkit



# Funding to Decarbonize the Economy

## Clean Energy and Climate Change Mitigation Initiatives

- 1** Roughly \$369 billion in funding for energy security and climate measures over the next decade.
- 2** Includes incentives and tax credits for clean energy, nuclear power, carbon capture, and electric vehicles and a Methane Emissions Reduction Program to reduce the leaks from the production and distribution of natural gas.
- 3** Of this \$125 billion (34%) goes to clean energy manufacturing and wind/solar categories that impact climate change.



# Funding for Clean Manufacturing

**Extends and creates Investment Tax Credits (ITCs), Production Tax Credits (PTCs), and Loans for clean energy generation**

- 1** **\$30 billion in production tax credits to accelerate domestic manufacturing of solar panels, wind turbines, batteries, and critical minerals processing.**
- 2** **\$10 billion investment tax credits to build clean technology manufacturing facilities including those that make electric vehicles, wind turbines, and solar panels.**
- 3** **\$20 billion in loans to build new clean vehicle manufacturing facilities across the United States.**



# Funding for Wind and Solar

## Investment Tax Credits (ITCs), Production Tax Credits (PTCs), and Loans

- 1** Solar projects beginning construction in 2022 thru 2024 will be eligible for the full 30% investment tax credit (ITC).
- 2** Expands the 1.5 cents/kWh production tax credit (PTC) for renewable energy including wind.  
  
By restoring them to their original value and extending them until 2033, IRA
- 3** removes the uncertainty and unpredictability of ITCs and PTCs for solar and wind respectively.



# Funding to Decarbonize the Economy

## Other Significant Investments

- 1** Nearly \$6 billion in funds for heavy industry as direct investments to help reduce emissions from the largest industrial emitters like chemical, steel, and cement plants including install of carbon capture and storage at cement plants. (Funded via the DOE)
- 2** Over \$9 billion for Federal procurement of American-made clean technologies including using green hydrogen – a carbon-free fuel made from water – to produce zero-emission steel.
- 3** \$27 billion for the clean energy technology accelerator that supports deployment of technologies to reduce emissions. Technologies include everything from major investments in energy efficiency upgrades to transitioning currently non-electrified industrial processes to efficient, electric options.

